

Nominations are being sought for the 2017 Casimir Funk Natural Sciences Award

The Polish Institute of Arts and Sciences of America (PIASA) Casimir Funk Natural Sciences Award identifies and honors an outstanding scientist of Polish origin (Polish born or of Polish ancestry) living and working in the United States or Canada. The nominee should have contributed in a major way to scientific research and be widely recognized. This year, the presentation of the Casimir Funk award will take place in Cracow, June 2017.

Nominations:

- 1) Can be made by anyone (PIASA member or not), from anywhere in the world.
- 2) Should include a nomination letter stating the achievements on which the nomination is based and a brief *Curriculum Vita* of the nominee.
- 3) Will remain under consideration for 4 years.
- 4) Should be sent by email prior to the **March 1, 2017** deadline to the Chair of the Casimir Funk Natural Sciences Award Selection Committee: Dr. Hanna Chroboczek Kelker, hannakelker@verizon.net

Background information:

The previous winners of the Casimir Funk Award are as follows:

- 1995 Dr. Roald Hoffmann, Nobel Prize Laureate (Chemistry) Cornell University
- 1996 Dr. Alexander Wolszczan, (Astronomy) Pennsylvania State University
- 1997 Dr. Hilary Koprowski, (Virology, Immunology) Thomas Jefferson University
- 1998 Dr. Peter T. Wolczanski, (Chemistry) Cornell University
- 2001 Dr. Andrew Wojcicki, (Chemistry) Ohio State University
- 2003 Dr. Wacław Szybalski, (Molecular Biology) McArdle Laboratory for Cancer Research
- 2005 Dr. Benoit Mandelbrodt, (Mathematics) Yale University
- 2008 Dr. Frank Wilczek, Nobel Prize Laureate (Physics) Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- 2013 Dr. Maria Siemionow, (Medicine) Cleveland Clinic
- 2014 Dr. Zbigniew Darzynkiewicz, (Cell Biology) Brander Cancer Research Institute
- 2016 Dr. Krzysztof Matyjaszewski, (Chemistry) Carnegie Mellon University

Casimir Funk (1884-1967), for whom the Polish Institute of Arts and Sciences' Natural Sciences Award is named, made important contributions to the fields of hormone research, enzymology and chemical synthesis. However he is best known for his pioneering research that led to the discovery of vitamins and for defining the role of vitamins in nutrition. Funk postulated that nutritional deficiency diseases "can be prevented and cured by the addition of certain preventive substances which we call "vitamines". The term "vitamin" (coined by Funk from "vita", Latin for life, and "amine") has become accepted as the description of a group of functionally related but structurally distinct substances. His hypothesis has had a major impact on the direction of research in a field that, before his discoveries, was filled with controversy. His work has guided the developing science of nutrition and had an impact on biochemistry and medicine.

We look forward to hearing from you,

Members of the Casimir Funk Natural Sciences Award Committee